## **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (2)(i) Uncontested conditions which are not severable from those contested shall be stayed together with the contested conditions. The Regional Administrator shall identify the stayed provisions of permits for existing facilities, injection wells, and sources. All other provisions of the permit for the existing facility, injection well, or source become fully effective and enforceable 30 days after the date of the notification required in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (ii) The Regional Administrator shall, as soon as possible after receiving notification from the EAB of the filing of a petition for review, notify the EAB, the applicant, and all other interested parties of the uncontested (and severable) conditions of the final permit that will become fully effective enforceable obligations of the permit as of the date specified in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section . For NPDES permits only, the notice shall comply with the requirements of §124.60(b).
- (b) Stays based on cross effects. (1) A stay may be granted based on the grounds that an appeal to the Administrator under \$124.19 of one permit may result in changes to another EPA-issued permit only when each of the permits involved has been appealed to the Administrator and he or she has accepted each appeal.
- (2) No stay of an EPA-issued RCRA, UIC, or NPDES permit shall be granted based on the staying of any State-issued permit except at the discretion of the Regional Administrator and only upon written request from the State Director.
- (c) Any facility or activity holding an existing permit must:
- (1) Comply with the conditions of that permit during any modification or revocation and reissuance proceeding under §124.5; and
- (2) To the extent conditions of any new permit are stayed under this section, comply with the conditions of the existing permit which correspond to the stayed conditions, unless compliance with the existing conditions would be technologically incompatible with compliance with other conditions

of the new permit which have not been stayed.

[48 FR 14264, Apr. 1, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 30911, May 15, 2000]

## § 124.17 Response to comments.

- (a) (Applicable to State programs, see \$\sigma \sigma 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) At the time that any final permit decision is issued under \sigma 124.15, the Director shall issue a response to comments. States are only required to issue a response to comments when a final permit is issued. This response shall:
- (1) Specify which provisions, if any, of the draft permit have been changed in the final permit decision, and the reasons for the change; and
- (2) Briefly describe and respond to all significant comments on the draft permit or the permit application (for section 404 permits only) raised during the public comment period, or during any hearing.
- (b) For EPA-issued permits, any documents cited in the response to comments shall be included in the administrative record for the final permit decision as defined in §124.18. If new points are raised or new material supplied during the public comment period, EPA may document its response to those matters by adding new materials to the administrative record.
- (c) (Applicable to State programs, see \$\s\$123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) The response to comments shall be available to the public.

## § 124.18 Administrative record for final permit when EPA is the permitting authority.

- (a) The Regional Administrator shall base final permit decisions under §124.15 on the administrative record defined in this section.
- (b) The administrative record for any final permit shall consist of the administrative record for the draft permit and:
- (1) All comments received during the public comment period provided under §124.10 (including any extension or reopening under §124.14);
- (2) The tape or transcript of any hearing(s) held under § 124.12;